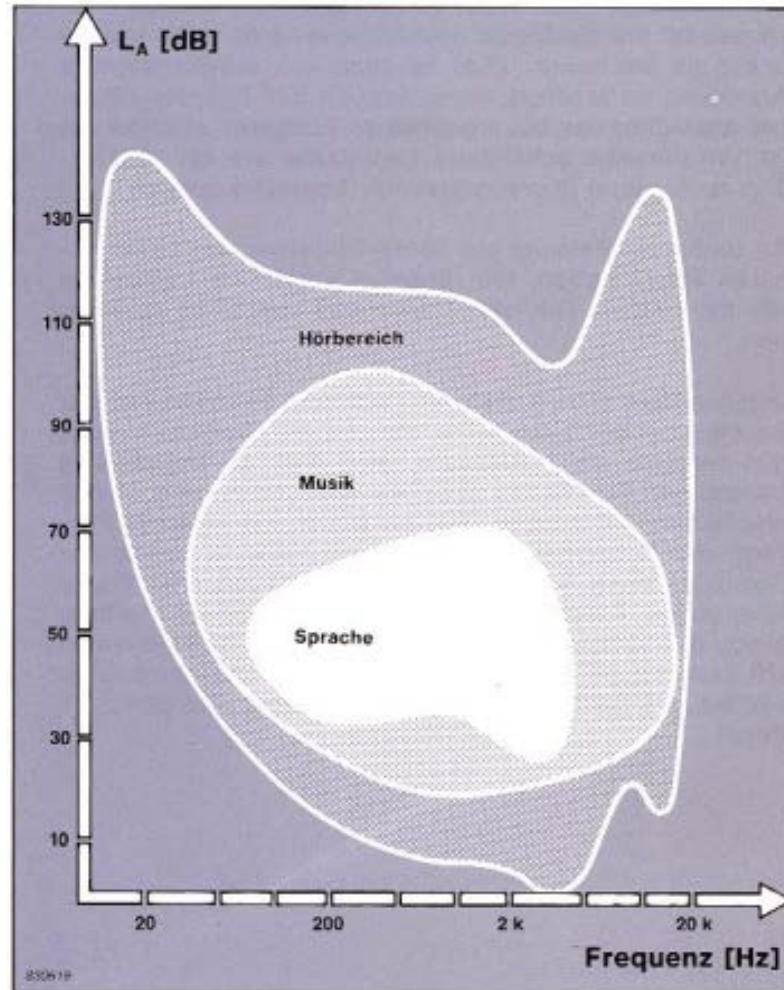


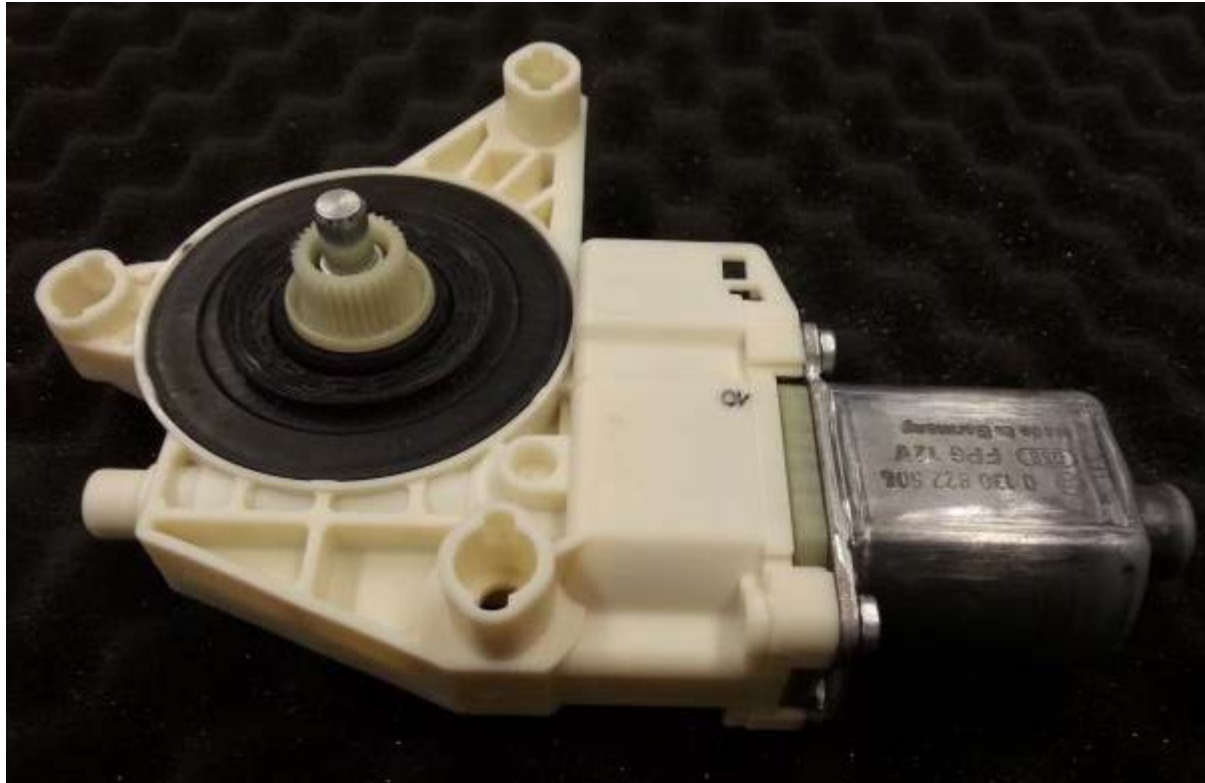


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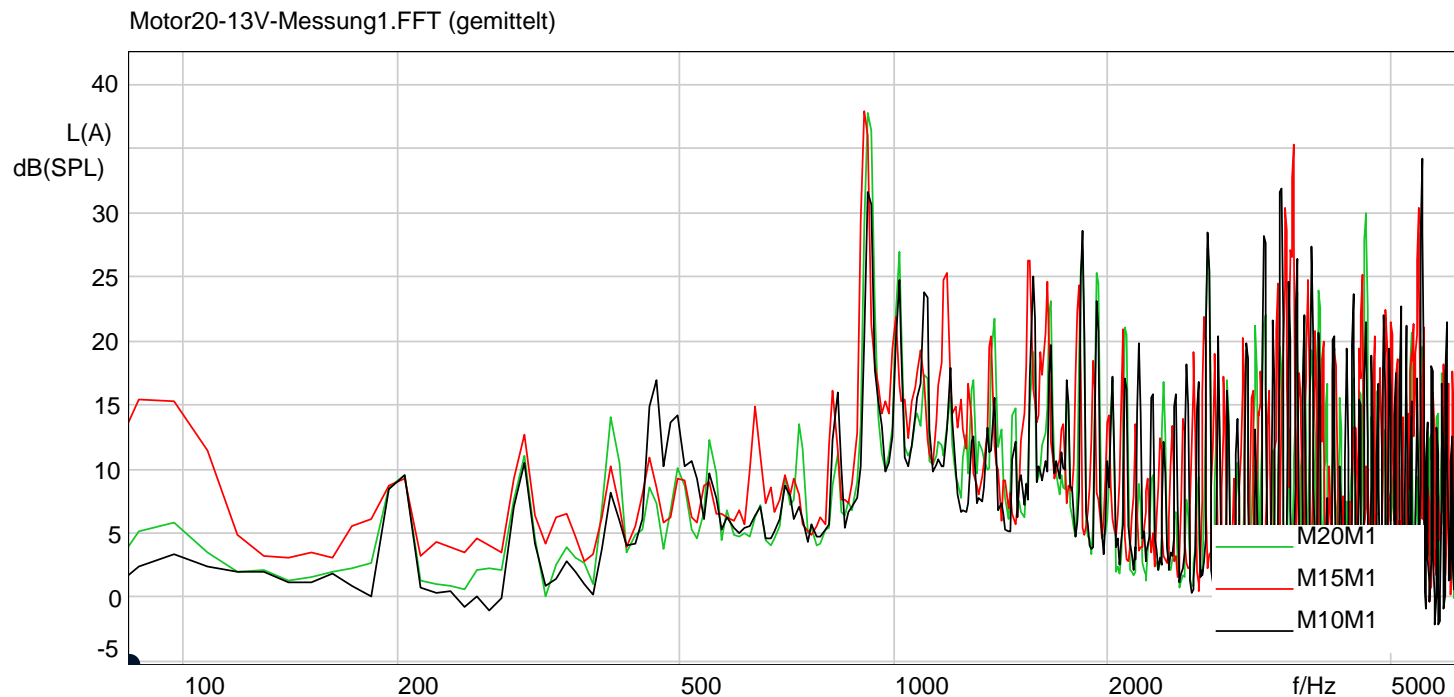
Vibro-Acoustic Characterization of Small Geared Engines



The small geared engine

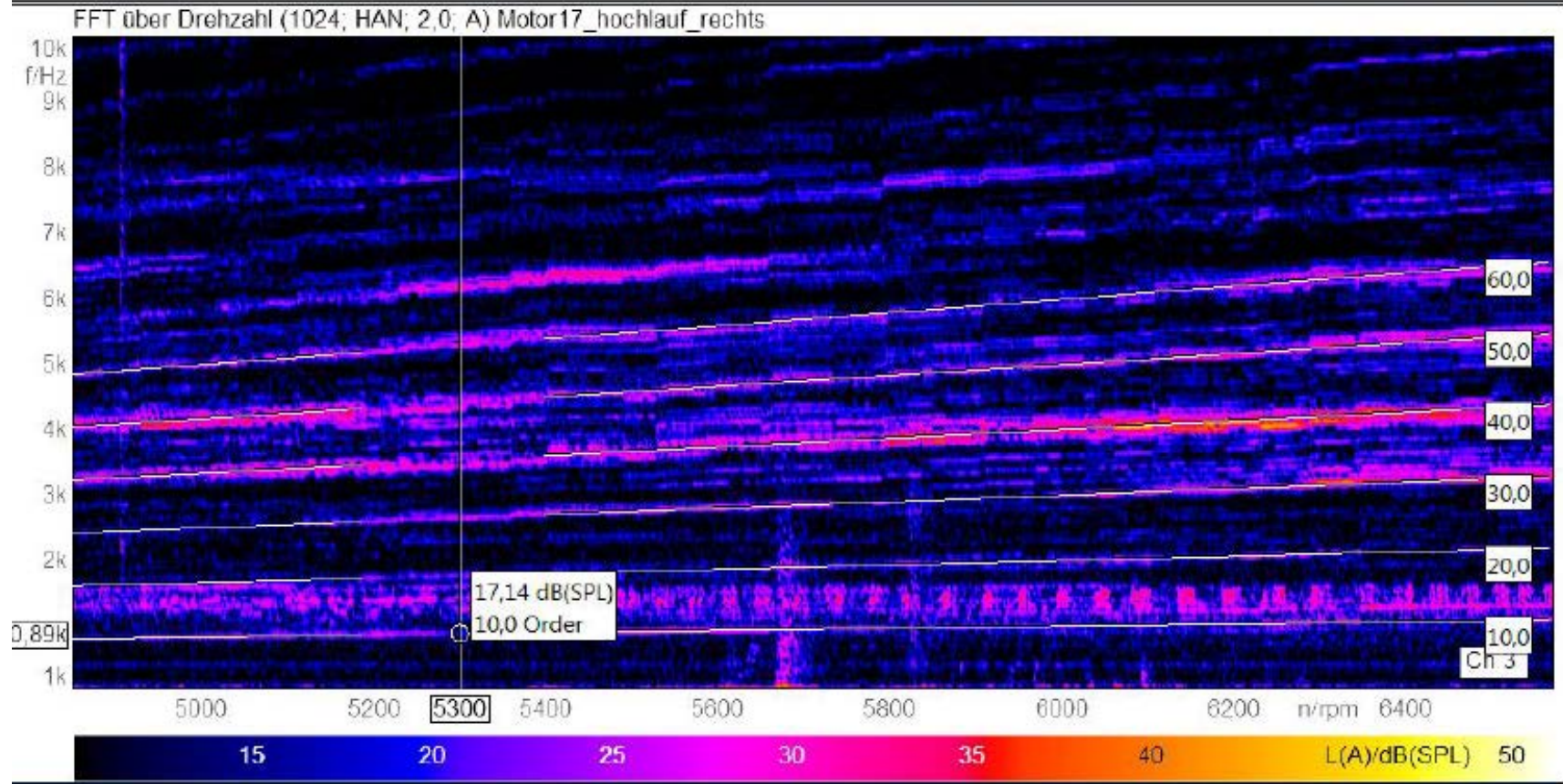


- Comparison of different engines

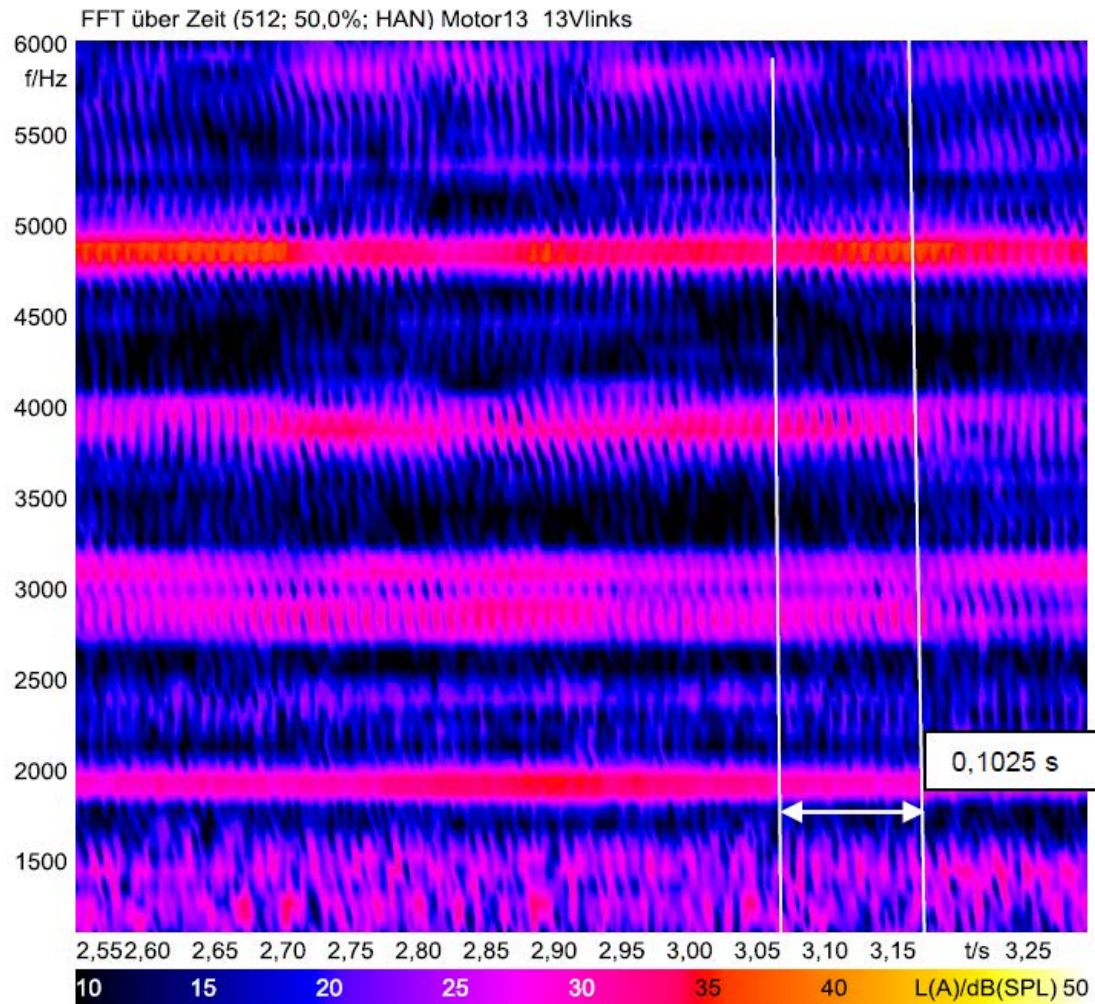


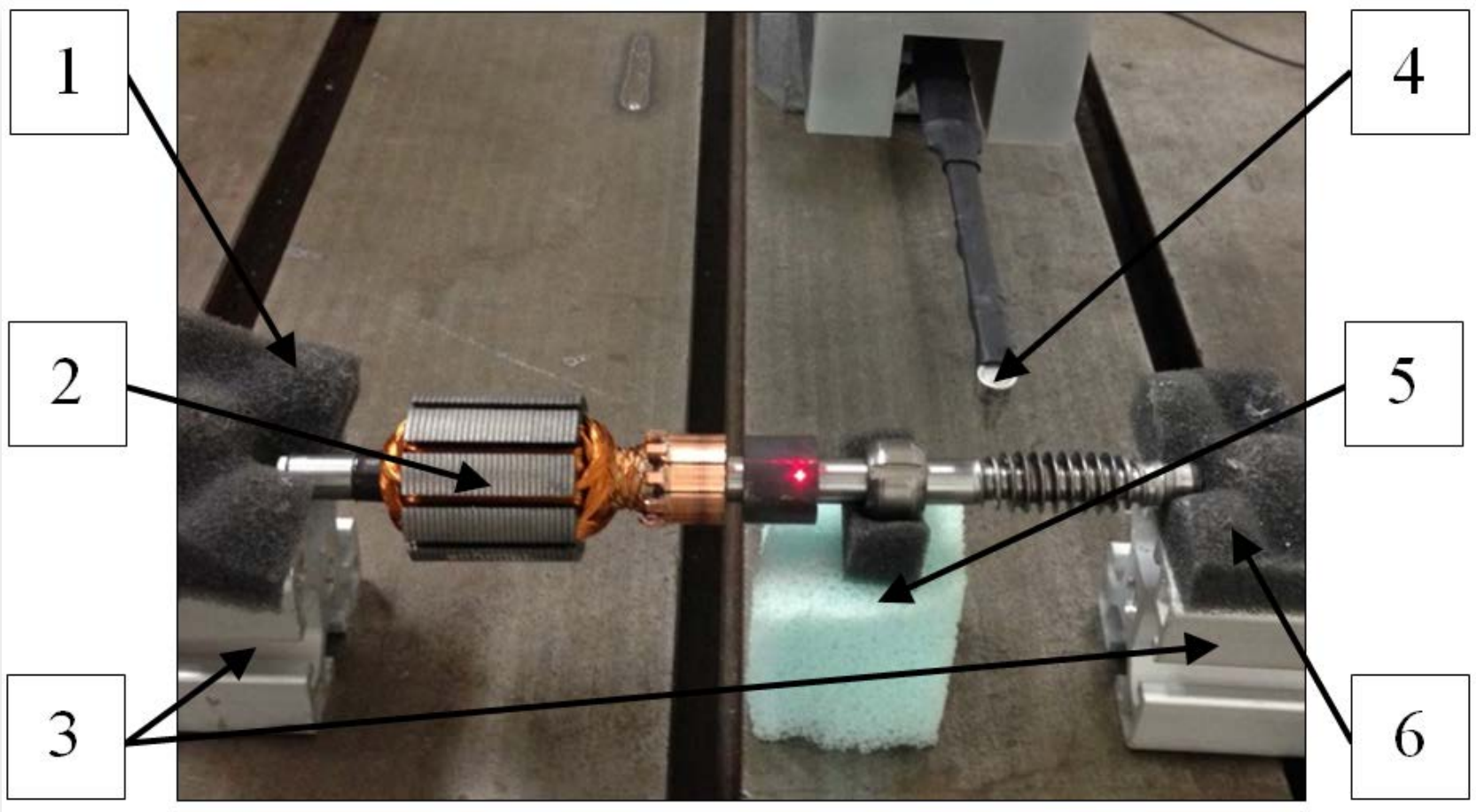
Sound Radiation of the the small geared engine

Spectrogramm of small geared engines

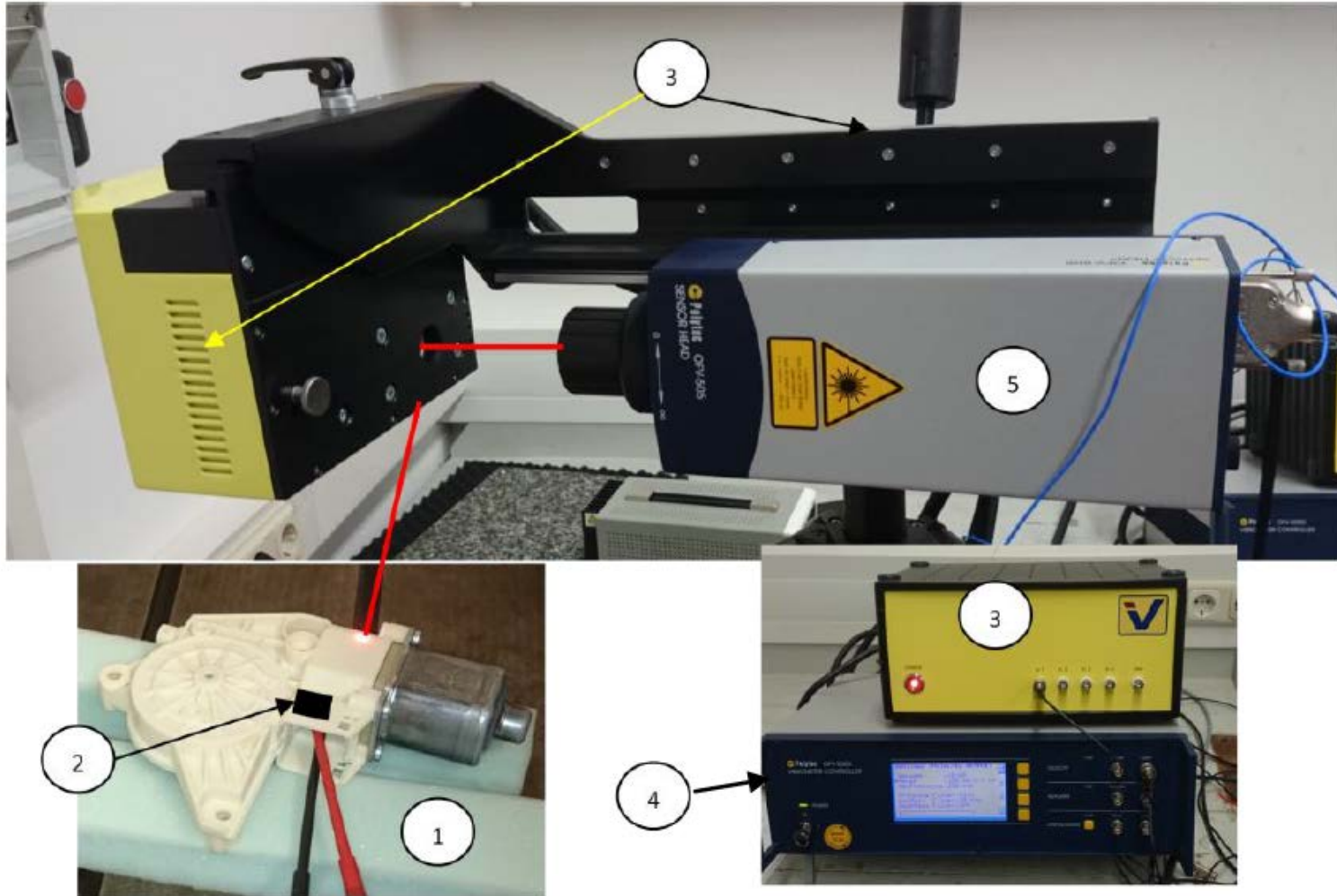


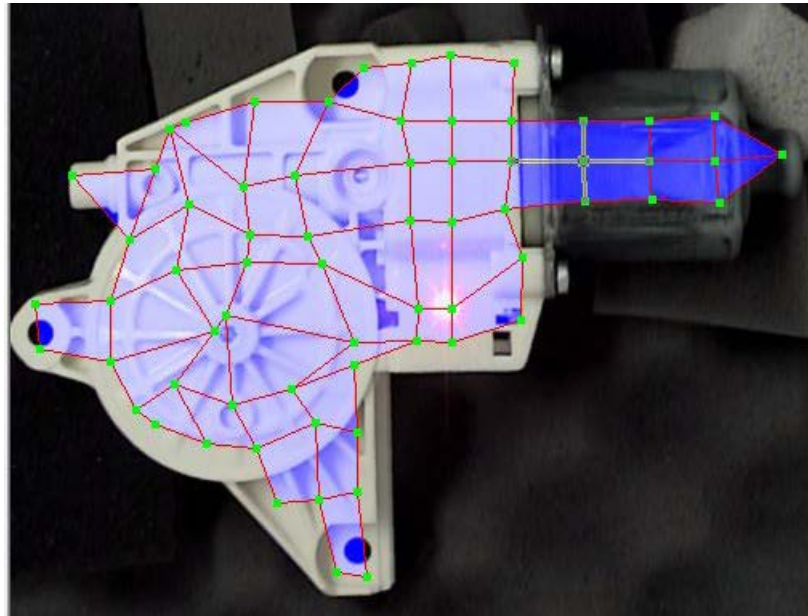
Sound Radiation of the the small geared engine





Structural analysis of the small geared engine



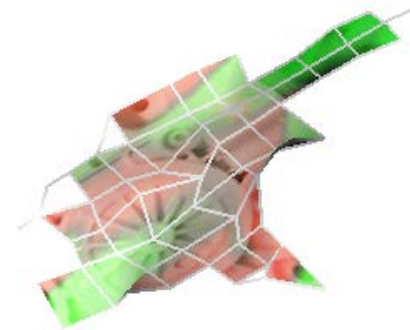


ODS (Operational Deflection Shape) Analysis

465 HZ



1022 HZ



ODS (Operational Deflection Shape) Analysis

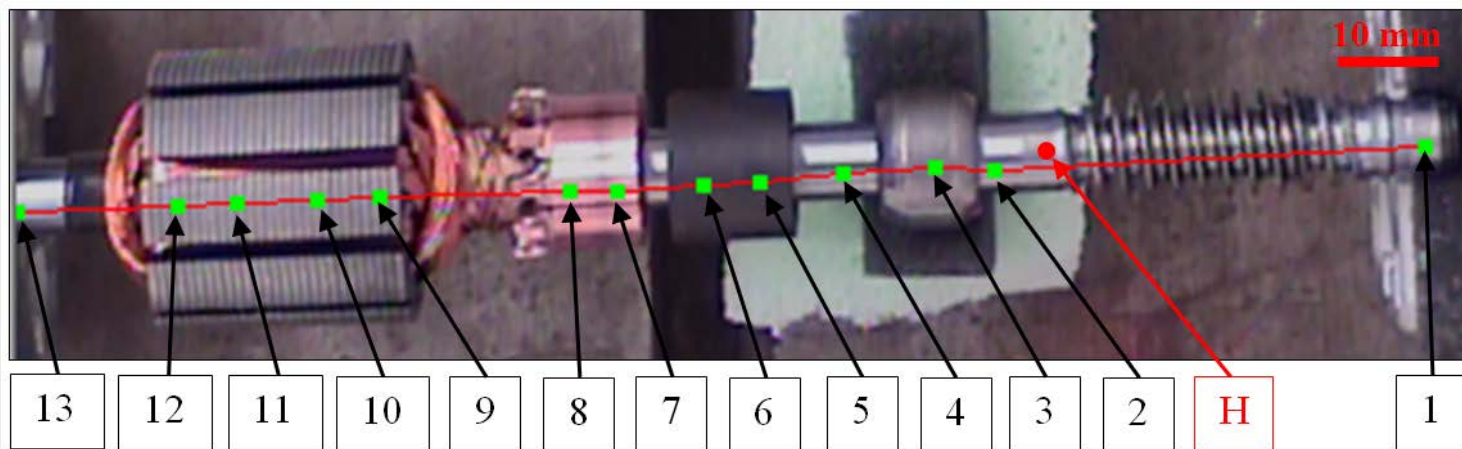
3718 HZ



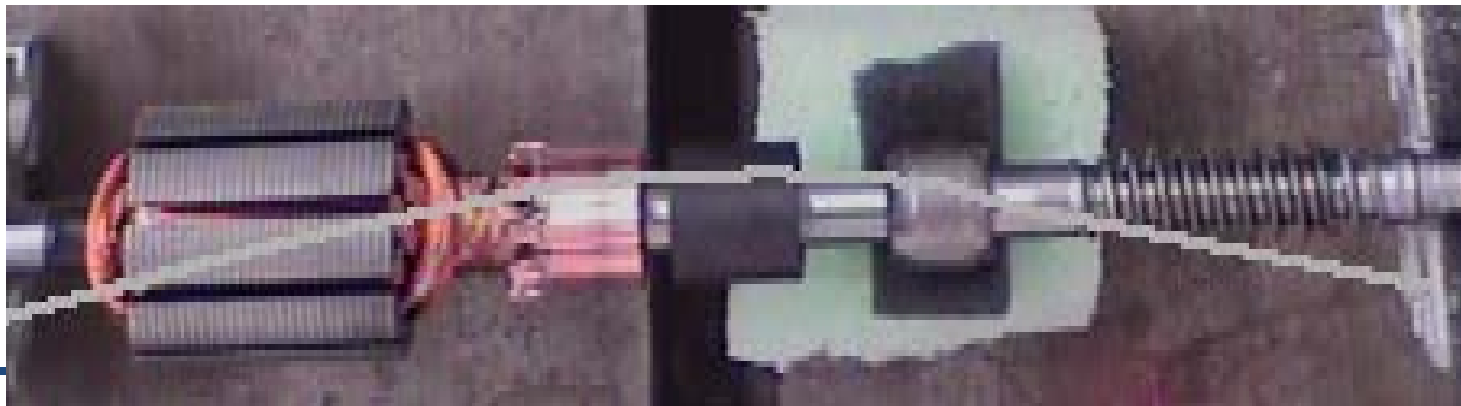
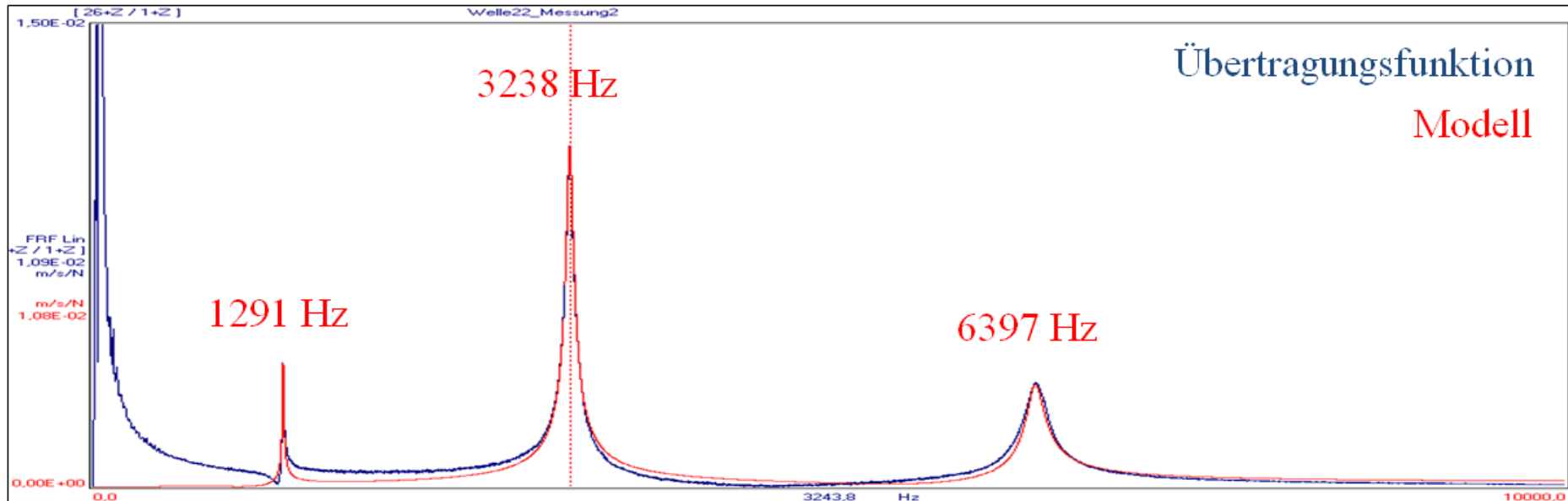
5579 HZ



Structural analysis of the small geared engine



Structural analysis of the small geared engine



- **1 Khz is the dominant frequency**
- **The 10th order is**
- **It is excited by the anker of the shaft and the rectangular slots**
- **The shaft itself has eigenfrequencies in the same area**
- **The body itself has as well eigenfrequencies in the same area**

- **The rectangular slots get excited by the anker**
- **The impulses of the anker will excite the structure at their eigenfrequencies**
- **Surface areas will radiate the sound**
- **The contact pins will pass the radiation as structure borne noise to the connected structure (seat, door, etc.)**

Reduction of the excitation mechanism –Primary noise reduction

- sloped anchor slots
- chamfered anchor slots
- optimized grease at the gears

Optimization of the airborne sound radiation

- design of the shaft at a different eigenfrequency
- optimized bearing localisation to tune the eigenfrequency
- sensitivity study of the shaft with bearings

Optimization structure borne noise radiation

- Sensitivity desing of the connection points out of the area of eigenmodes that match with the excitation frequencies

